

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/522,182	02/01/2006	Isabelle Peslerbe	264543US41XPCT	3645	
22850 OBLON SPIV	7590 10/16/200 'AK, MCCLELLAND	EXAM	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		SAVAGE, JASON L			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1794		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/16/2009	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)		
	10/522,182	PESLERBE ET AL.		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	JASON L. SAVAGE	1794		

	JASON L. SAVAGE	1794	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 22 September 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
 N The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on in application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Ciperiods: 	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	, or other evidence, with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ac no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (t)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07() Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date is have been filled its the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the sit set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office latert may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 ension and the corresponding amount of nortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wit AMENDMENTS 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. Me proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b (a) they raise new issues that would require further con (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belov (c) They are not deemed to place the application in betti	sideration and/or search (see NOT v);	E below);	
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.11		cted claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	1. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allownon-allowable claim(s). 			ŭ
7. \(\bigcirc \) for purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s); a) \(\bigcirc \) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: \(\bigcirc \) Claim(s) allowed to: \(\bigcirc \) Claim(s) rejected to: \(\bigcirc \) Claim(s) rejected; \(\bigcirc \) 22.24.26-34 and 36-47. \(\bigcirc \) Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \(\bigcirc \)		be entered and an ex	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	before or on the date of filing a No sufficient reasons why the affidavi	tice of Appeal will <u>not</u> t or other evidence is	be entered necessary and
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to ov showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	of the status of the claims after er	try is below or attach	ed.
The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (I	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
13. Other:			

/JENNIFER MCNEIL/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1794

Continuation of 3. NOTE: Applicant argues that no new issues are raised by the Amendment to claim 3s stating the changes are believed to be minor in nature. However, the amendment to claim 3which makes the claim independent esulantly broadens the scope of the claim creating new issues that would require further consideration and/or search. As such, the proposed Amendment has not been related

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that the prior art of Ress in view of Sagel would not read on the presently claimed invention. Applicant states that Ress teaches forging only the core 23 and not the entire blade comprising the core 23 and the casing 22a.

However, as set forth in the rejection, the claims are drawn to an article, not the method of making. Applicant has produced no evidence showing how the claimed article which undergoes a forging step of unspecified process parameters would be any different from the article formed by the prior art. Since Applicant has provided no evidence showing how the resultant article would differ, it is not considered to be distinct from the article of the orior art.

Furthermore. Ress teaches that a wrought processing operation, ie forging, may be performed on a cast alloy formed component core (ool, 4), in.6.16.5). Although Ress teaches that this forging step can occur prior to having the casing applied, it is known in the art that forging of a component can avoid the formation of imperfections due to casting. As such, it would have further been obvious to have modified the blade by applying a casing 22s to the core 23 and forge bonding in order to avoid formation of imperfections the casing 22s formed by casting. Absent a teaching of the criticality or showing of unexpected results, the recited method limitation would not provide a patentable distinction for the claimed article.

Regarding claim 38, Ress teaches that it is known to form metallurgical connections by various bonding methods including forge bonding (col. 3, in. 30.42). It would have been obvious to have formed the metallurgical bonding connection between the core 23 and casing 22a by any conventional method including a forge bonding method disclosed by Ress with a reasonable expectation of success.

Applicant also argues that while Sagel describes a blade produced from Ti-Al, no aluminum alloy is mentioned for the wear-resistant layer 6. Applicant states that while a wear resistant layer made from an alloy of Al is disclosed in column 4, lines 67, it is applied to a bladed rotor produced from carbon fiber-reinforced plastic. However, it is the position of the Examiner that Applicant has read the disclosure of the prior art too narrowly. Sagel teaches a blade having a wear-resistant layer 6 applied thereto (col. 4, in, 20-24) sagel further teaches a variety of materials as the wear resistant layer 6 including the use of a layer substantially comprising an alloy of Al (col. 2, in, 54-57). As such, Sagel teaches blades 7 such as aluminum based blades, having a wear-resistant layer 6 such as an aluminum based blade 7 with a reasonable expectation of success since Sagel teaches the use of the recited materials.

Regarding Applicant's remarks regarding Pankratz, Applicant recites Pankratz does not disclose or suggest forging a composite structure formed with several components linked together or linking said components through a compressing step before a forging step. However, this argument does not appear to be commensurate in scope with the claims as there are no limitations drawn to linking several components together. Furthermore, Pankratz is merely provided as evidence that the use of a forged portion in place of a cast formed portion is known to be desirable so as to avoid the formation of internal imperfections. As such, the use of a forged casing in place of a cast casing such as recited in the prior art of Ress would have been considered obvious for the reasoning set forth in the rejection and above.